

December 2020 New formula



Drake

Meet the Canadian rapper from Toronto, famous for his song "Toosie Slide".



Siraba Dembélé

The talented handball champion and captain of the French women's team.



Steve Jobs

Jobs created Apple computers at age 19. But how did he become such a cool inventor?



Christmas in New York

Decorations, ice skating in the park, a classic ballet... Discover all the magic of Christmas!



Brownie recipe

And more...

8 Pop list

19 Crazy

24 Speaking file

28 Boulard



Use this QR code to listen to all the magazine's audio tracks.



And if you have a CD player, listen to your CD!





London's Santa Run* is lots of fun!

ondoners love the annual Santa Run* in England's capital city. Here, 2,000 Santas ■ are running five kilometres in Battersea[™] Park to raise* money for charity*. All the Santas receive a Santa suit* at the start of the event*... and a medal at the end!

next issue (page 27).



 $ilde{\Box}$ "Battersea Park" is a large park located south of the River Thames opposite the London district of Chelsea. Before the area officially became a park in 1858, it was a popular place for duels! Today it has a small children's zoo, a boating lake, a bandstand, tennis courts, a running track and football and cricket pitches.

CUIZ: WHAT DO YOU KNOW ABOUT DRAKE?

Drake is Canada's most famous rapper. What else do you know?



"Drake" is Aubrey Drake Graham's middle* name. But do you know what "drake" means?

- A. It's the Canadian word for cake.
- B. It's the word for a male duck*.
- C. It's the past tense of the verb to drink.



In what way* did Drake change rap music?

- A. He mixed singing with rap music.
- B. He mixed the Hebrew language with rap music.
- C. He used Canadian slang* in rap music.



A. The Toronto Maples. B. The Toronto Grizzlies ^{H.}. C. The Toronto Raptors ^{H.}.

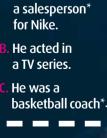


What is the name of Drake's mansion in Toronto?

- A. The Parliament.
- B. The Palace.
- C. The Embassy*.









Which creature is also the title of a Drake album?

A. Crab*.

B. Spider.

C. Scorpion.

Answers on page 6.



"Grizzlies" is the plural of grizzly, the short name for the North American brown bear (Ursus arctos horribilis!).

@ "Raptors" is the informal short name for *velociraptors*, rapid feathered carnivorous dinosaurs. They are well-known to the public thanks to their role in the Jurassic Park movies. However, although they were about 2 metres tall in the films, in real life they were about the size of a turkey!

People



A "drake" is a male duck*! Drake likes his middle^x name. His father chose* it

but Drake doesn't know

why! Drake also has a nickname*: "Drizzy"!

Singing and rap music

Track 3

Drake mixed rapping with singing to create a new sound (starting with his mixtape* So Far Gone, in 2009). His unique style of rap is quite* soft and melodic.



Drake supports* the Toronto Raptors

In 2016, Drake was named* the "global ambassador*" of the Toronto Raptors. His role* was to help the team change its image and redesign* their kit*. In 2019, the Toronto Raptors won* their first NBA championship... Drake was there to support* them!



His mansion in Toronto: The Embassy*

The Embassy* is a mansion that was built* for Drake. You can see it in the video for "Toosie Slide", which he made when he was self-isolating* due* to the Covid-19 pandemic. Drake dances in its luxurious rooms, all richly decorated.



Drake's video

The video for "Laugh* Now Cry Later" was filmed in the US, at Nike's headquarters*. In the video, he plays basketball and baseball, has* fun on a jet* ski and tries boxing under water. He also buys a lot of Nike products in the special store reserved for Nike employees*!



He was in a TV series

When Drake was 15 years old, he got a role* in a Canadian TV series called Dearassi: The Next Generation. He played* Jimmy, a basketball star who has to use a wheelchair* after being shot* by one of his classmates*.



Drake's album is called *Scorpion*

Released* in 2018, Scorpion broke* records. It was the first album streamed* more than one billion times in the week of its release*. And Drake also became the artist with the most singles (27) in the American charts* at the same time!



- **1.** When Drake was a child,
- 2. When he was a teenager, he moved* to.....
- **3.** His heritage is African-American on his father's side*.....
- **4.** Drake was bullied* at school so he.....
- **5.** He thinks that music helped him to.....
- **6.** In the video for "God's Plan", Drake gives
 - **A.** and Jewish* on his mother's side*.
 - **B.** knows how it feels to be an outsider*.
 - **C.** he lived in a working-class* neighbourhood* in Toronto.
 - **D.** almost* one million dollars to people in Miami.
 - **E.** reconcile* the different influences in his childhood[™].
 - **F.** a rich neighbourhood* called Forest Hill.

Answers in the next issue (page 27).

Help

Here the adverb **"richly"** means "luxuriously" or "elaborately". In fact, the adjective *rich* has a number of different uses. We can talk about rich food, which is food that contains a lot of fat, eggs or sugar and not something that you necessarily like, e.g. Belgian chocolate is too rich for me.

"childhood" The suffix *-hood* is used with some words to refer to a state or period in someone's life or family role, e.g. adulthood, motherhood, manhood. There are also some -hood words that don't refer to family or a period of our life, e.g. neighbourhood, likelihood. And, by the way, in informal American English, people often shorten neighbourhood to hood.

POP OOST

Text by Lesley Ormal-Grenon

Films, TV series, music...

∞

THE CROODS:

fter the first Croods film and the TV series Dawn of the Croods, the famous cave family is back** in a new adventure.

The Croods know how to survive* danger* and disasters, but they are disturbed* when they meet a more modern family, the Bettermans. The "better" + "mans" are more evolved* than the Croods. Can the two families

learn to be friends?





Free Guy

n this science-fiction film, a man called Guy learns* that he is living in a video game. Guy discovers that he is a NPC (non-player character*) who works in a bank. But Guy wants to be the hero of the game! So he embarks* on a race against* time to achieve* his goal* before the game is shut* down. Can he do it?



The Mandalorian 2

ans of *Star Wars* love this spin-off* series, *The Mandalorian*. In this season, the mysterious Baby Yoda ("The Child") is back* with his adoptive father, bounty* hunter* Din Djarin, who must protect him as they travel around the galaxy and face* its dangers*.



In this video game, players take control of a young Greek * soldier called Fenyx. Then they combat mythological

enemies to save the gods from the evil* titan Typhon. Players grow™ stronger as they fight with legendary weapons*, discover secrets and solve* puzzles* and challenges*. It's a fun way* to revise your Greek* mythology!



lason Derulo

he American singer had a big hit this summer with the song "Savage* Love". But he wrote the song using music by teen TikTok star Jawsh 685, without getting his permission! That's not cool*, Jason! lawsh's fans were furious!



Master KG

n 2020, the dance song champion of the year was Master KG. This South African DI got the world dancing to his catchy* song "Jerusalema". If you like it, listen to "Skeleton Move", another cool* song from his debut* album!



Grisha: Shadow* & Bone* by Leigh Bardugo

There's love, war*, secrets, and monsters in this fantasy-adventure, which is also a new TV series on Netflix! It takes you to Ravka where you meet teenager Alina Starkov. She has a secret power* and must use it to save her best friend.

We use the preposition "back" to give the idea of returning. So, for instance, to be back means "to have returned", to give bring/take back means "to return something (you have ordered, borrowed or stolen)" and to send back means "to return (often by post)". For example, I've paid back the money Dad lent me; People often send back the things they buy online.

- **grow stronger"** We often use the verbs *get* and *grow* with adjectives to mean "to become", e.g. Put the lights on – it's getting dark; My sister has suddenly grown taller.
- **"without getting"** Remember that we use verbs in their gerund (-ing) form after prepositions, e.g. He gets extra pocket money for doing little jobs for his neighbour.



SIRABA HANDBALL CHAMPION

Siraba Dembélé is a very talented and popular French handballer. She is also the gold-medal* winning captain* of the French women's team. Let's meet a world champion!



Meet

the family
Siraba was born*
in France to parents from Mali^{HI}. She has four brothers and three sisters. It's thanks to her sister, Kamion, that Siraba started playing handball. When Siraba was ten, Kamion, who played for a local club, took her to a training* session. A player was absent*, so Siraba replaced* her!

International sportswoman

andball means a lot of travel, in France and internationally. Siraba moved* from the Parisian region to Toulon before going to Denmark, Macedonia, Russia and back* to Toulon! She says the years away from her family made her tougher^{Hi*}. She also fell* in love! In Macedonia, she met* Igor Pavlovic, an ex-footballer who is now her husband!







негр

"Mali" is a large country in West Africa, most of it in the Sahara Desert. It is one of the hottest countries in the world and it has the third-largest gold production in Africa, after South Africa and Ghana.

"tougher" Remember that *-gh* at the end of words is pronounced like *f*, e.g. *tough* $(/t \wedge f/)$, rough $(/r \wedge f/)$, enough $/r \wedge f/$. However, in words ending with -qht, the -qh is not pronounced but simply serves to change the sound of the preceding vowels, e.g. taught (/tsit/), ought (/sit/), bought (/bsit/).

It's a good idea to always store verbs with the prepositions that follow them, e.g. "focus on", dream of, think of/about, concentrate on.



Tracks 5-6 DDOE STOOT Steve Jobs Steve Jobs Stevensjord CO-FOUNDER* OF APPLE

Steve Jobs had a talent for electronics, but he also had good marketing skills*. And he wanted every home to have a computer...

WHERE?



In California

Steve Jobs is from San Francisco. He grew* up in Silicon* Valley, the home of Apple, Inc.

WHEN?

Steve was born* in 1955. In **1976**.

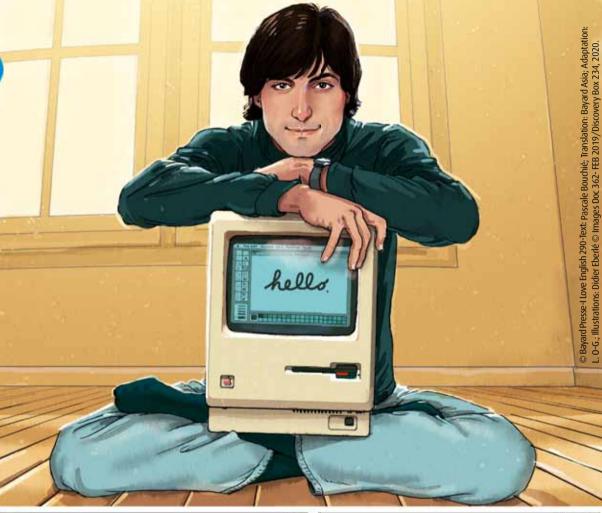
he co-founded*

Apple Computer Company.

FAMILY

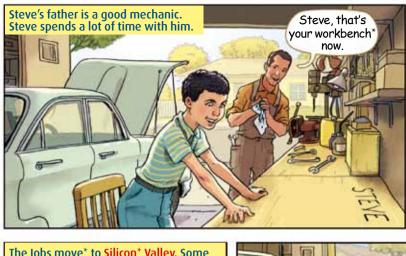
Steve had Syrian origins but was raised* by his

adoptive American parents.



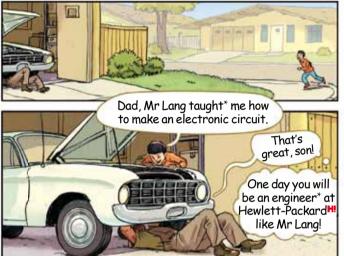


















🗐 "Hewlett-Packard" (today "HP") was founded by two graduates in

electrical engineering, Bill Hewlett and David Packard, in 1947.

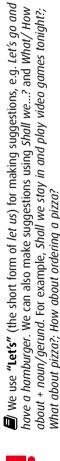
toot and then another", e.g. The girls often play a skipping game in the playground at break; My little sister skips down the street – she's so funny!

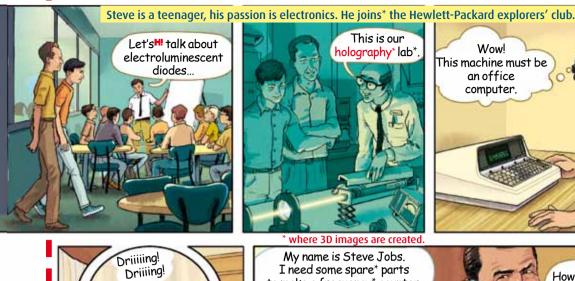
hotel. I can put you up when you're in London. **up"** can also mean "to give accommodation to". For example, *Don't bother to look for a* Apart from meaning "to display", **"put**

// Here the verb **"skip"** means "to jump" or "to intentionally miss". But it also means "to jump with a rope" and "to move by hopping on one



quickly became anthems for civil rights and anti-war movements. In 2016 he won the Nobel Prize for Literature at the age of 75. artist. He recorded his most famous songs in the 1960s and they **// "Bob Dylan"** is an American singer-songwriter, author and





Hello!

Is that

Mr Bill

Hewlett?

I Love English • December 2020





where 3D images are created.

My name is Steve Jobs. I need some spare* parts to make a frequency* counter. Do you have any you could give me?









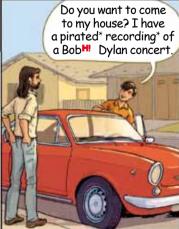


Speaking*.



One day, I put* loud-speakers* up all over the house. They were I put an electronic metronome in a school locker*. People thought the ticking* sound was a bomb! I got* in also microphones so that I could spy* on my parents! trouble for that!



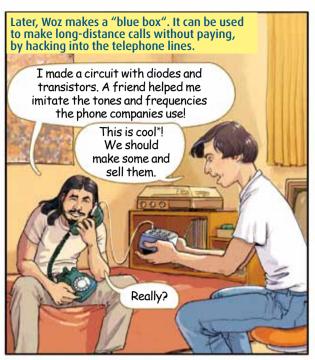


© Bayard Presse-LLove English 290-Text: Pascale Bouchié; Translation: Bayard Asia; Adaptation: L. O-G; Illustrations: Didier Eberlé © Images Doc 362-FEB 2019/Discovery Box 234, 2020.

I "Atari", which was founded in California in 1972, was a pioneering company that made arcade games and home video consoles and home computers. It made the first commercially

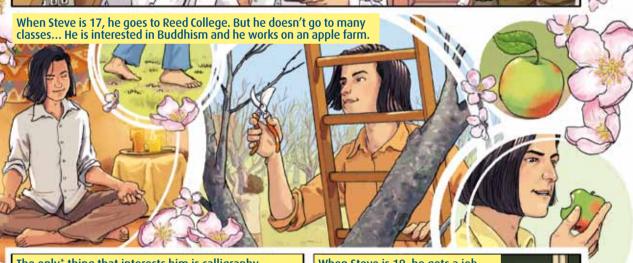
successful video game, *Pong*, which was used in arcades. The game is two-dimensional and simulates table tennis. Although it is primitive in comparison with today's games, it's quite

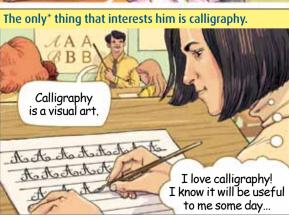
difficult. Why don't you look on the internet and see how good you are?

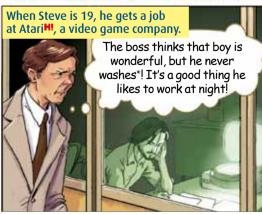












of meanings? Apart from silicon chips, chips can be "potatoes": in British English they are fried and hot and in American English they are cold and usually sold in bags! In the UK they Did you know that the noun "chip" has a variety say crisps to refer to what Americans call chips

stone or glass. And if you are like one of your parents in appearance

or character, then you are a chip off the old block!

A chip can also be a small broken or cut-off piece of wood,

and in the US they say fries or French fries for what

the British call chips!

In 1975, Woz has a new idea. Steve, electronic chips[™] now have super calculation power If we link* a keyboard*, to a screen* and a chip, we'll get...



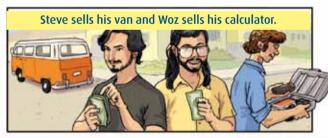


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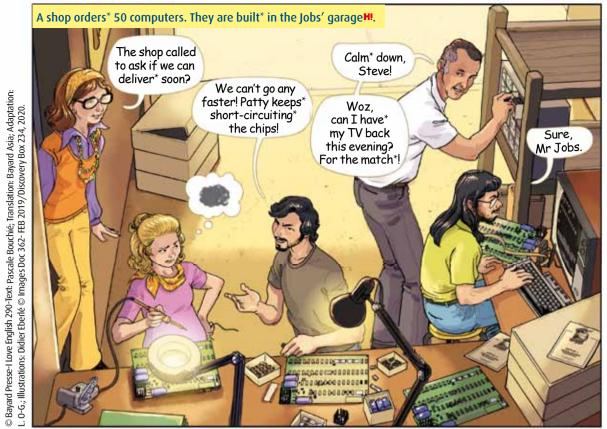


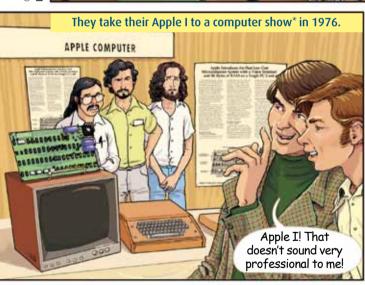


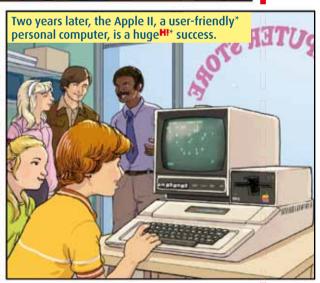














[] In English a **"garage"** is both a place to put your car and the place where you get your car repaired. For example, There's something wrong with the brakes on the car – I'd better take it to the garage and let an expert have a look.

DOOG STOOD

APPLE TECHNOLOGY GAME

Steve Jobs, the co-founder* of Apple, spent** 35 years designing technology. His name is still linked* to the coolest* Apple gadgets** today! Match* each gadget* to the year it was launched*.





2010





iPad. In ____, Apple released* the first successful tablet aimed* at the general public.

Apple watch. Apple introduced its smartwatch in ____ · It's a mini computer you can wear*

like a watch!

Airpods. When airpods were introduced in ____, it was strange to see people wearing* earbuds* without wires*. Today, airpods are one of Apple's most popular accessories!





iPhone. Introduced in ____, the iPhone let people zoom* in and out of photos, maps, web pages, etc. They could also phone without



iMac. In $___$, Apple launched * an egg-shaped* computer. And it wasn't the boring being colour of computers at the time... the first iMac was translucent blue!





Macintosh computer. In _____ Apple released* the first successful personal computer with a built-in* screen*,

a mouse and a "graphic user interface". Its nickname*, "Mac", was cool* too!



iPod. In ____, Steve Jobs promised people they could have "1,000 songs in your pocket". Apple also provided* the music for the iPod via its digital shop, the iTunes Store.

Answers in the next issue (page 27).

Help

Remember that we use the verb "spend, spent, spent" for both time and money. For example, I'm broke – I spent all last week's pocket money on the day Mum gave it to me; My sister spends hours getting ready to go out. We get desperate waiting for her!

A "gadget" is a tool, such as a machine, that is very useful for a particular purpose. The famous cartoon Inspector, who was part man and part machine, had thousands of gadgets installed in his body.





immortalize their creative "tree"!

"cool" Remember that in informal English the adjective *cool* can be used to mean "brilliant" or "excellent". It can also mean "fashionable" or "trendy".

"Utah" is a state in the west of the United States. It has a variety of landscapes, from arid deserts with sand dunes to large pine forests in mountain valleys. It is a major tourist destination for outdoor recreational activities. The state capital is Salt Lake City, which is home to a large population from the Mormon religion.

6007Y



Hey, I can ____ (YFL)!

Christmas wishes*

his little dog doesn't look very happy. He has been forced* to wear* a silly* outfit*and hold* a "Bad Santa" sign*! We hope* that Santa is GOOD to him this Christmas ... and BAD to his owner*!

Skydiving* Santas

antas fall out of the sky once* a year on Cocoa Beach, Florida, USA. They try to land* in a big inflatable* chair on the sand*! The public bring presents* to donate to poor children. It's a fun and generous event*!



CHRISTMAS MESSAGES

Complete these Christmas messages with the right word.

I hope you have a WONDERFUL/ HATEFUL*/AWFUL** Christmas!

2

Best DISHES*/ FISHES/ WISHES* for 2021! 3

Have a lovely Christmas DRAKE/STEAK/ BREAK*!

Have a very FERRY/MERRY*/ CHERRY Christmas!

I hope* Santa is RUDE/ GOOD/BAD to you!

We wish* you a HAPPY/ BLUE<mark>M</mark>/TRUE/ New Year!

Wishing* you Christmas BEER/ FEAR*/CHEER*

at this time of year!

I hope* Santa brings you lots of PRESENTS*/ PROMISES/ PRUNES*!

8

All the BEST/ TEST/VEST* for 2021! Christmas MEETINGS/ BRIEFINGS/ GREETINGS!

9

Answers in the next issue (page 27).

неГЬ

The opposite of "awful" is awesome or lovely.

The adjective "blue" can be used to mean "sad" or "depressed", e.g. You don't look very happy. Are you feeling a bit blue? It is quite often used with this meaning in song lyrics.

"Prunes" are dried plums which are rich in vitamin K and dietary fibre. Their dietary fibre content explains why they are often considered to be a good laxative.







We "cheer" when we say Hurray and we say Cheers! when we raise our glasses and drink to somebody or something. We can also use the verb to cheer with the prepositions on and up. We cheer on our favourite team in a match when we say, for example, Come on, Liverpool! Cheer up means "to become or make happier or cheerful", e.g. Come on, cheer up! Things can't be that bad!; You've no idea how much my exam marks cheered me up!

Notice that the verb "attend" means "to be present at" or "to go to", e.g. Not many people attended the political meeting on Thursday.

Feeling unwell

Claire is talking to her mum at home.

Mum: Are you ok, sweetie*?
You look terrible.

Claire: No, I'm not. I've got an upset* stomach and I feel awful*.

M: Oh, dear. Let H me take your temperature. Did you have lunch with your friends? What did you have to eat?

C: I just think I ate too much. We had some nachos with cheese for starters and I had a hamburger with fries for the main course*. That was already quite* a lot, but then we all had ice cream.

M: That was far too much. You shouldn't eat too H much fat, you know. It's not good for your health* and it's not good for your stomach either* - as you now know! And you shouldn't keep* on eating when you're full.

I know it wasn't the best thing to do but it tasted really good, so I did it just the same.

M: Well, never* mind that now. Your

POINTS TO DISCUSS

- Do you like fast food? What's your favourite fast food? How often do you have it?
- Do you sometimes eat out with your friends? Where do you usually go? What's your favourite place to eat? Why?
- Have you ever felt sick because you ate too much? If so, when was it?
- If you could have anything you wanted to eat right now, what would it be? Why?



temperature is normal so it must be indigestion. Why don't you lie* on the sofa for a while*? Lie* on your back and raise* your feet so that they're a bit higher than your head. That'll help your digestion.

COk, I will.

M: I'll do some rice and roast chicken for dinner. It'll be easier for your stomach to digest that. I'll come back in half an hour to see if you are feeling better, all right?

Thank you, Mum.

Roleplay

Student A: You don't sleep well, and you have been very tired lately. Talk to student B.

Student B: Your friend doesn't sleep well and has been very tired lately. Give student A some advice.

USEFUL LANGUAGE:

Giving advice: You should(n't)...; It's important to...; It's necessary...; You need to...

Making recommendations: Why don't you...; Let's...; You could...

негр

"Let me take..." We use the infinitive without to after the verbs let and make. For example, Joel's dad never lets him borrow the car; The teacher made us repeat the homework because we all did it so badly.

"too much fat" Remember that in English we use much with uncountable nouns and many with countable nouns. The rule is the same when we use much and many after too or so. For example, My little brother eats too many sweets; I'm trying not to eat so much bread.



INVITING FRIENDS OVER

Joel and Ellie are talking on their way home.

Joel: Ellie, I wanted to ask you something. I am planning a get-together* at my house next weekend. Are you doing anything on Friday?

Ellie: Friday evening?

Yes, would you like to come* over? We can order* some pizzas and play* some music. Later, we can watch a movie or play video games.

E: Sounds really good. Oh no, wait. I can't do Friday. I'm so sorry.

: What^{H!} a shame!

E: It's my sister's birthday. Our parents are taking us bowling* and then we're



POINTS TO DISCUSS

- Do you often meet your friends outside school? What do you usually do?
- What do you do in your free time?
- Have you ever invited friends over? How was it? What did you do?
- If you could invite anyone to spend an evening with you, who would that person be? Why? What would you do?

going to have dinner at her favourite restaurant.

: Wow, that's so cool*.

E: I know, right? I'm so excited*, although it's a pity I won't be with you guys**.

How* about Saturday, then? Are you free?

E: Yes, I haven't* got anything on Saturday. That'd be great! Thanks.

J: Awesome*! Jeremy and Alice will be there as well, and I'm going to ask Tom and Anna, too.

E: That's great. What time shall I come* round?

!: About 6.30.

E: Shall I bring anything?

Let me see, the others are bringing drinks and snacks, so if you could bring something for dessert, that'd be great.

E: No problem. I make very good brownies and I could bring some.

: That'd be absolutely fantastic!

E: Ok, Saturday, 6.30. I'll be there... with my brownies! How exciting*, I can't wait!

I: I know. It's going to be so much fun!

Roleplay

Student A: You are celebrating your birthday this weekend. Invite your friend to a party. Talk to student B.

Student B: Your friend is going to invite you to a party. Talk to student A.

USEFUL LANGUAGE:

Making invitations: Are you free on...?; Are you doing anything on...?; Would you like to come to... **Responding to invitations:** Sorry, I can't do...; I've* got something on...; That would be great, thanks; I haven't* got anything on...; What time shall I come* round?; Shall I bring anything?

неГР

"What a shame" is a way of saying that you're sorry or disappointed about something. For example, A: *Jack failed his driving test*. B: *What a shame! Now he'll have to save up some more money to take the test again.*

Guys" is an informal way of saying *people* and is also often used by young people to refer to their friends. For example, *Hi, guys! How are you doing?* In British English, *guy* is also an informal word for a man, e.g. *I was waiting at the bus stop and this guy came up to me and asked if he could use my phone!*





用。到於4年間以第3章。12章

INGREDIENTS (FOR 16 SQUARES)

- 125q chocolate
- 250g butter
- 200g sugar
- 130q flour*
- pinch* of salt
- · 3 eggs
- 100g chopped* nuts*
- Preheat* the oven to 175°C.
- Melt* the butter and chocolate in a saucepan*. Turn* off the heat.
- Add the sugar. Mix together.
- Add the eggs and flour*. Mix together. Fold* in the nuts*.
- Put the mixture into a buttered oven dish* (20x30cm).
- Bake* in the oven for 25 minutes.
- Remove* from the oven and let* cool. Cut into squares.



Done story about the origin of "brownies" dates back to 1893. Bertha Palmer, whose husband owned the Palmer House Hotel in Chicago, asked a pastry chef to make a dessert for ladies attending an exhibition. She wanted a cake that was small enough to go into boxed lunches. The result was the Palmer House brownie, made with walnuts and an apricot glaze.



I *Low* English



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ISSN: 0214-2864. Depósito legal: M-32100-1988.

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There is a mark^{HI} after some words. These words or expressions are explained in English in a box in every section. **Pronunciation:** phonetic symbols are used to indicate the pronunciation of some words in the magazine.

Vocabulary

There is an asterisk* after every difficult word. Translations of these words, according to the context, are in our *Vocabulary* in the centre of the magazine.



Next month

People

Meet one of your favourite stars every month.

IN JANUARY:

The brilliant Millie is already filming the fourth season of *Stranger Things*.





Let's discover

Discover the symbols of the English-speaking world.

IN JANUARY:

Welcome to London and Madame Tussauds, a museum packed with stars... made of wax!

True Story

A true story told in comic form! IN JANUARY:

In the 18th century, English ships packed with convicts landed on a vast far-away island... Australia!



And, of course, films, sport, quizzes, games and a delicious recipe to try out...

ANSWERS ILE 327:

PAGE 3: Bottom; three, first; snail. PAGES 4-5: LADY GAGA QUIZ: 1. c. 2. b. 3. b. 4. a. 5. c. 6. a. PAGE 7: "RAIN ON ME" LYRICS: 1. ride. 2. time. 3. rainfall. 4. all. 5. me. 6. misery. 7. down. 8. rain. PAGE 18: US PRESIDENTS QUIZ: A. 5. B. 3. C.1. D. 2. E. 4. PAGE 19: monkey; manners; bananas. PAGE 20: force; star; ecological. PAGE 21: SAVE THE ORANGUTAN!: 1. habitat. 2. Sumatra. 3. Asia. 4. rainforest. 5. trees. 6. beds. 7. leaves. 8. endangered. 9. palm oil. 10. hunting. 11. pets. 12. survive. 13. Project. 14. DNA.

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Comic



Shared passions





Track 9















HELP

Remember that the adverb "ago" is only used with the simple past tense, e.g. You just missed them. They left two minutes ago. Never use it with the present perfect tense, i.e. They have left two minutes ago is wrong!